

10th Asia Pacific Biodiversity Observation Network Workshop (Kuching | July 2018)

Perspectives from GEO Hiroyuki Muraoka

(Gifu University, Japan)
Technical adviser, MEXT, Japan
GEO Programme Board, member
Asia Oceania GEOSS, Coordination Board member
Chair, ILTER East Asia and Pacific regional network

Group on Earth Observations

(GEO)

Member states (105)

GEO Vision

To realize a future wherein decisions and actions, for the benefit of humankind, are informed by coordinated, comprehensive & sustained Earth observations & information.



Africa: 27 - Asia/Oceania - 21, Europe: 34 - C.I.S: 7 - Americas: 16

Total: 105

Participating Organizations (126)





GEOSS

(Global Earth Observation System of Systems)

What is GEOSS?

GEOSS is a set of coordinated, independent and open Earth observation (EO) collection, information and processing systems.

What does GEOSS do?

GEOSS links observing systems to strengthen monitoring of the state of the Earth, ensuring that data is accessible and interoperable.

Why does GEOSS matter?

GEOSS increases our understanding of Earth processes, and enhances predictive capabilities that underpin sound decision-making.





Societal Benefit Areas

Biodiversity and Ecosystem Sustainability



Water Resources Management

Disaster Resilience



Energy and Mineral Resources Management



Food Security and Sustainable **Agriculture**



Infrastructure and **Transport** Management



Public Health Surveillance



Sustainable Urban Development



The GEOSS Platform "GEOSS Portal"







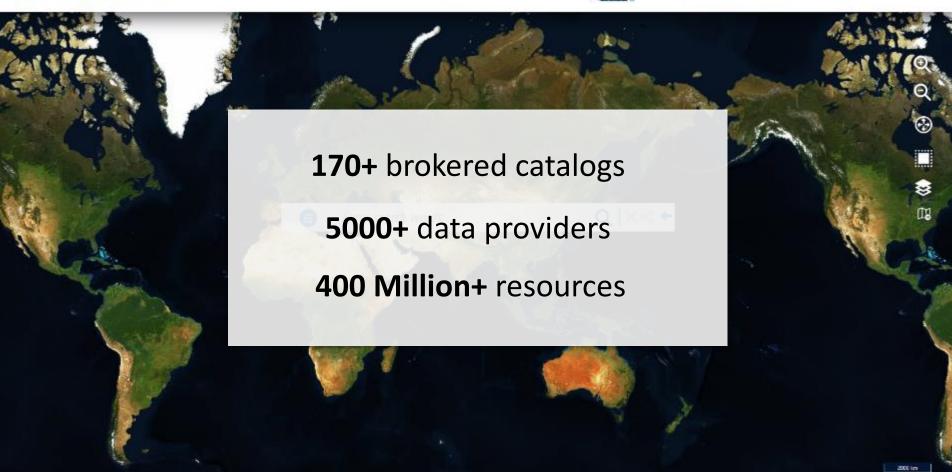


















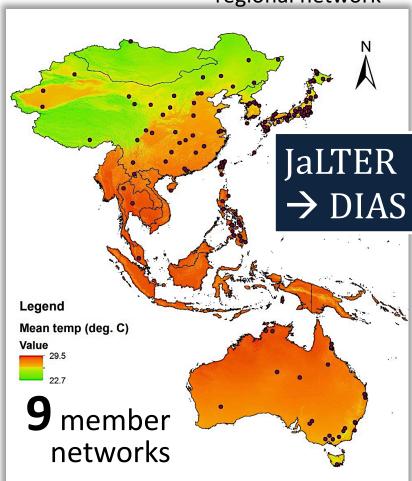


ILTER and GEOSS Portal



ILTER-EAP

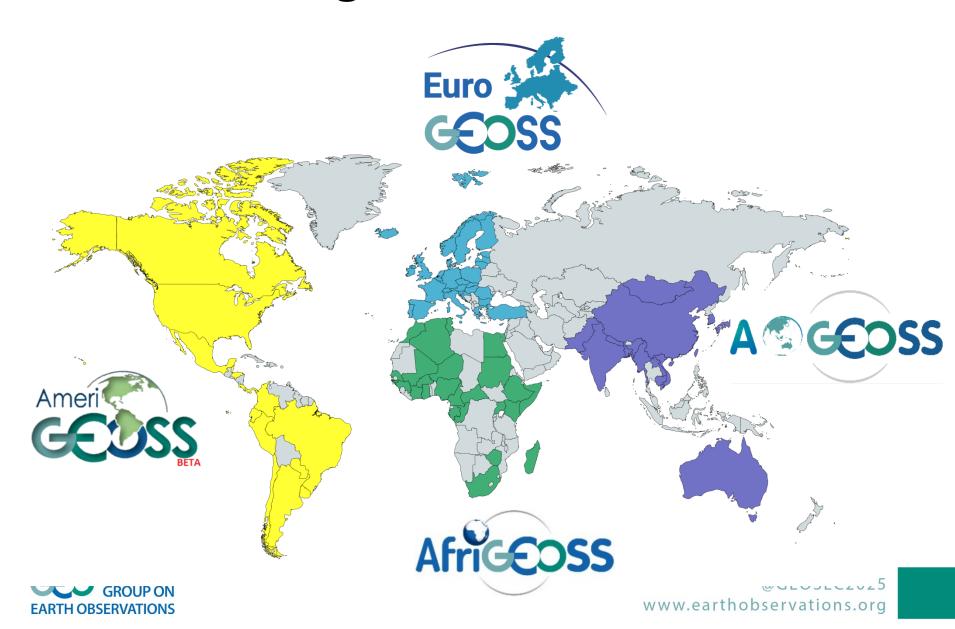
East Asia and Pacific regional network



Map by Y. Trisurat (Thailand LTER, Science Committee of ILTER-EAP)

 $@ {\sf GEOSEC2025} \\ www.earthobservations.org$

Regional GEOSS





Asia-Oceania Caucus-GEO

AOGEOSS Coordination Board

GEOSS AP Symposium

Applications and services

Task1. AWCI

Task2. AP-BON



Task3. Carbon and



Task4.Ocean and Society



Task5.Asia-RiCE





Task6. Monitoring and evaluation of drought in Asia-Oceania region

Task7. Environmental Monitoring and Protection

Task8. Ocean and Islands

Task9. Himalayan GEOSS

Foundational tasks

Task 10. Data Sharing

Task 11. AO-DataCube

Task 12. Users Engagement and Communication

Key activities of AOGEOSS in 2018

Calling joint research project as the pilot study by AOGEOSS

- Mekong River delta project is under discussion for collaboration between water, biodiversity and other area
- AOGEOSS wants to learn your activities to organize the new project (but no actual funds yet... this should be planned)

11th GEOSS Asia Pacific GEOSS Symposium

- October 24-26, 2018 (Kyoto, Japan)
- Contributions to 3 Engagement Priorities of GEO: SDGs, Sendai Framework of DRR,
 Paris Agreement

Asia Oceania day

- Side event of GEO Week 2018 (Kyoto, Japan), to be held on October 29
- Regional GEOSS communication
 - Reporting activities of AOGEOSS: Tasks Group leads will be invited to present
 - Panel discussion by four regional GEOSS (AfriGEOSS, AmeriGEOSS, AOGEOSS, EuroGEOSS)



Mapping exercise of RG activities (GEO PB)

GEO Priorities		SBAs	AfriGEOSS	AmeriGEOSS	AOGEOSS
SDGs		Biodiversity and Ecosystem Sustainability	Sustainable Forest Management	Ecosystems/ Biodiversity	AP-BON
					Environmental Monitoring and Protection
					Himalayan GEOSS
	Disaster	Disaster Resilience		Disaster Risk Reduction	Monitoring and Evaluation of drought in Asia-Oceania Region
		Energy and Mineral Resources Management			
		Food Security and Sustainable Agriculture	Food Security & Agriculture (AfriGAM) Soil Moisture & Agricultural Outreach Support	Agriculture	Asia-Rice
		Infrastructure and Transportation Management			
		Public Heath Surveillance			
		Sustainable Urban Development	Sustainable Urban Development		
			Land Cover for Africa		
		Water Resources Management	Water Resource Management	Water	AWCI Ocean and Society Ocean and Islands
	Climate				Carbon and GHG Initiative

In Situ Observation Resources Foundational task Task Overview

- The task will analyze the current state, trends, needs, and assess gaps (geographical coverage, temporal and spatial resolution, etc.) for in-situ observing systems and networks, as they constitute a key element of GEO/GEOSS.
- The task will put particular focus on coordination and access to data and will provide various coordination opportunities in order to sustain and strengthen existing and planned ones,

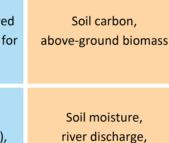


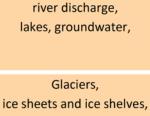
Essential Climate Variables (ECV)





Atmosphere
Surface radiation budget, Earth radiation budget, surface temperature, upper-air temperature, surface and upper-air sind speed
Surface wind, upper-air wind, pressure, lightning, aerosol properties
Carbon dioxide, methane, other long-lived GHG, ozone, precursors for aerosol and ozone
Precipitation, cloud properties, water vapour (surface), water vapour (upper-air), surface temperature,





permafrost, snow

Soil moisture,

Soil carbon,

Terrestrial

Albedo,

fluxes, land surface

temperature





surface temperature, subsurface temperature

Ocean

Surface currents, subsurface currents, ocean surface stress, sea state, transient traces

Inorganic carbon, nitrous oxide

Sea surface salinity, subsurface salinity, sea level, sea surface temperature

Sea Ice Plankton, oxygen,

Land cover, LAI, FAPAR, fire nutrients, ocean colour, marine habitat properties

Marine habitat properties

Coordinating In Situ Observations

Key points

What are the challenges and opportunities?

The terrestrial domain is perceived to be the least coordinated area and provides opportunities for GEO.

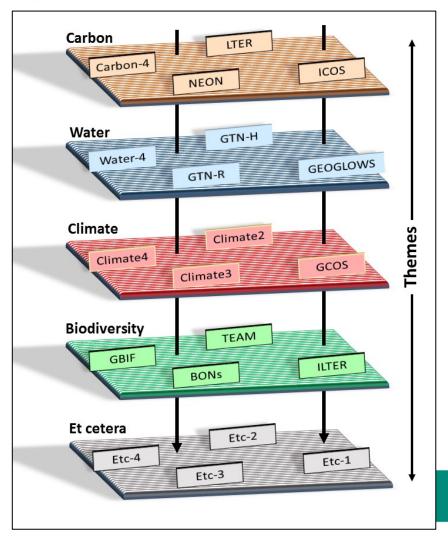
GCOS has identified this area in their Implementation Plan which can guide the GEO community.

Need to resource in situ task.

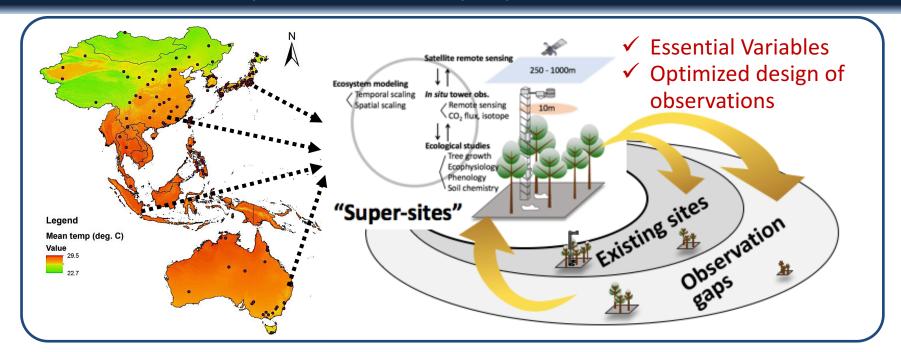
Need to liaise with network coordinators and operators.



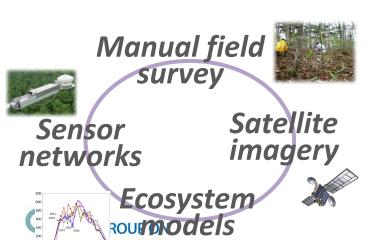
© Andre Obregon (GEO Secretariat)



Inputs to GEO Symposium 2018



Cooperation and integration enable the communities >



- Producing climate-biodiversity-ecosystem data and indicators of "ecosystem integrity"
- Cross-scale understanding and prediction of local, regional and global changes



- ✓ Knowledge for adaptation in ecosystem management and resource use
- ✓ Strategy for long-term and integrated observations in gap the as rvations.org

ILTER / JaLTER





Phenology





FLUXNET / AsiaFlux





Biodiversity









Data paper





G€D B@N

GEO B&N

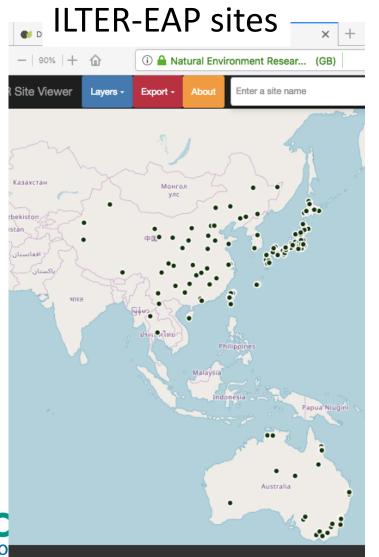
Data broker / integrator







Research site information is fundamental for connecting in-situ, satellite and modeling studies



AsiaFlux sites



Earth Observations

in support of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development





GEO Highlights 2016-2017

Insight for a Changing World





GEO-XIV - 25-26 October 2017

GEO-XIV-5.4

2017-2019 GEO Work Programme

This Document is provided to Plenary for decision.

2020-2022 GEO Work Programme to be developed in 2019





